

The Manning Times.

LOUIS APPELT, Editor.

MANNING, S. C., FEB. 1, 1905.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One year, in advance, \$1.50
Six months, " " 1.00
Three months, " " .50

ADVERTISING RATES:

One square, one time, \$1; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, funeral notices, and advertisements for legal contracts made for three, six and twelve months.

Communications must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer in order to receive attention.
No communication of a personal character will be published except as an advertisement.
Entered at the Postoffice at Manning as Second Class Matter.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The unexpected happens as was the case with the DesChamps bill to establish experimental stations in the various counties. Mr. DesChamps pressed this measure last year, and it was defeated through the opposition of the Clemson College authorities. He renewed the fight this year with more success and got favorable action on the part of the House. If the Clemson authorities renew their opposition over in the Senate Mr. DesChamps will have good reasons to take his cause into the next campaign. The College authorities are very jealous of any attempt to decrease their operations, and if their opposition last year was in earnest, we will expect them to renew their efforts in the Senate where the membership is smaller and easier to reach with their arguments. Mr. DesChamps was one of the free conference committee on a Concurrent Resolution to investigate the management of the State Dispensary.

Senator Davis has had a bill passed to refund over paid taxes to Mrs. Weeks.

On a bill to provide for and protect tobacco warehouses, there was quite a spirited debate in which Representatives Bradham and DesChamps took part. The measure was to regulate the charges and Captain Bradham opposed it, taking a "stand pat" position. He contended that the present law which becomes operative next year should be given a fair chance. He said "his people had warehouses, and his folks say the new and untried law is satisfactory."

Mr. DesChamps also was opposed to the proposed bill, but after the arguments from representatives of other tobacco counties, Captain Bradham announced that he would withdraw the motion to kill the bill which he and Mr. DesChamps were pressing. Messrs. Bradham and DesChamps endeavored to amend the bill but to no purpose. The measure as it passed to a second reading is as follows:

Section 1,371. The charges and expenses of handling and selling leaf tobacco upon the floor of tobacco warehouses in this State shall not exceed the following schedule of prices, to wit: For auction fee, fifteen (15) cents on all piles of one hundred pounds or less, and twenty-five (25) cents on all piles of over one hundred pounds and less than two hundred pounds; fifty (50) cents per pile for piles of two hundred pounds or over; for weighing and handling, ten (10) cents per pile for all piles of less than one hundred pounds; for all piles of over one hundred, at the rate of ten (10) cents per hundred pounds; for commission on the gross sales of leaf tobacco in said warehouses, not to exceed two and one-half per centum. The proprietor of each and every warehouse shall render to each seller of tobacco at his warehouse, a bill plainly stating the amount charged for auction fees and the commission charged on such sale; and it shall be unlawful for any other charges or fees exceeding those herein named to be made or accepted.

The General Assembly will enact at this session a general seed cotton license law so that the county commissioners in each county will be authorized to fix the license for trafficking in the product. This is necessary in order to make the license tax constitutional.

The compulsory education agitation is a matter which provokes strong argument on both sides, and before it is definitely settled in our opinion it should be made an issue before the people. We do not think the General Assembly should take unto itself the power in a matter of such importance without giving the people an opportunity of expressing their wishes. The enforced attendance of children at school would not be object to, if it were not for the fact that they are peculiarly situated, entirely different from States where such legislation exists, and if we had a voice in the discussion we should advocate the postponement of action until the issue had been fairly presented to the voters.

The biennial sessions problem has been put aside until the next session, in order to see if "men learned in the law" can not fix the defects in the way of carrying out the wishes of the people with regard to having the legislature meet once every two years instead of every year. The obstacles in the way were pointed out before the election by the "State," but those who knew better scoffed at the State's legal learning, but now that a committee has been appointed to correct the defects, composed of lawyers, confirms the State's judgment; it is wise action to go slow.

Captain Bradham spent Friday night at home, and went to Sumter Saturday to attend a union meeting of the Baptist church where he was scheduled to deliver a temperance address.

Representative Green has a bill to repeal section 1507 article 2, chapter 53. Vol. 1, Code 1902, relating to the general stock law.

This section of the code reads

that "Mottes, Douglass, Mouzon, Midway, Mt. Zion, New Zion and Sandy Grove townships, in Clarendon county are exempt from the operation of the General Stock Law." Mr. Green's bill to repeal this section, may meet with approval in the townships mentioned, but in our opinion he will find a great many who would be opposed to such legislation. The exemption of these townships were made at the instance of Dr. I. M. Woods who represented that it was the wish of a large majority to have those townships exempted. Mr. Green lives in the section himself and should be familiar with the wishes of his people. The people of Mt. Zion would not favor the repeal of the exemption.

The elections were somewhat in the way of the legislators, but now that they are out of the way they will dispose of the work more rapidly. The election of more interest to the masses was that of circuit Judges. Hon. Earnest Gary was re-elected without opposition, and Hon. D. E. Hydrick, Senator from Spartanburg, defeated Judge D. A. Townsend of Union. In this election Senator Davis and Representative Bradham voted for Judge Townsend, and Representatives DesChamps and Green for Hydrick. Judge Townsend was a conscientious Judge, and while he may not have been as profound a lawyer as some of the other Judges, he was an upright Judge, and we are sorry he was defeated. Judge elect Hydrick is a bright young man, with the reputation of being a good lawyer, and we hope the General Assembly made no mistake in elevating him to the bench.

We are under obligations to Representative DesChamps for courtesies in sending us copies of the Calendars and Journals of the House.

Captain Bradham obtained leave of absence Friday until Monday.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.
WEST & TRUX, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDRUP, KENNAN & MARVIN, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

BY H. W. FINLAYSON.

The Jefferson market police docket shows that 90 per cent of the fines collected are from women—what a field for missionary work.

Poor old man Platt, it was proven on the witness stand that in seven and a half short years the negroess Hannah Elias got from him the sum of \$885,885.00.

The Subway has given an order for 590 steel cars, wood is to be discarded altogether, the only fear is that they may, after some use, rattle like a pan.

It is not generally known that the great American News Company was first founded by the news boys of this city, from a small beginning, begun for local protection, and benefit, it has grown to be a big gigantic corporation. Sinclair Tousey is present president and under his active control, it is rapidly extending its business all over the world. It is said Tousey once shouted papers on the street.

Brodie L. Duke of Durham, N. C., who married the female financier Webb, and was committed by his relatives to an insane asylum here two weeks ago has occupied his share of notoriety in the press pictured daily, paraded as a financier, banker, trust magnate, and other sensational references. It had finally developed that Duke is sane. His wife has been locked up and the end is uncertain. Once a man gets into complications, here, he is in them right.

The statistician shows that the gains in church membership for 1904 were 532,878 members, the Catholics lead, followed by the Methodists. The New Broadway Tabernacle has been completed, the steeple contains rooms for offices and other uses. This is a very influential membership, has always been so. It borders on the political, was one of the active ones at stirring up strife and bringing on the war. Congregationalism does not flourish in New York city as elsewhere, the Broadway Tabernacle is one of the few churches of that denomination that has made headway. It takes push, practice and politics to make churches prominent here. New York is no place for an "easy thing" in the church line.

War is again being waged on the "Cadet System" this time by a few wealthy philanthropists and not the officials as should be. The "Cadet System" has become a common expression, yet many, the great majority do not know its meaning, although all hear of it and see it alluded to in print frequently, yet, constantly. It is a trade followed by many men, enemies of morals in plain words, seduction. This "sordid and scoundrelly" traffic, as one paper puts it, stamped out every now and then, should not be tolerated in a land ours. It is the non enforcement of laws, bearing on morals that defeats the democrats every now and then in the city; have a large majority, yet many flock to the opposition periodically to insure a strict enforcement of the laws.

A Good Letter From a Clerodonian.

Editor The Manning Times:

I have read with pleasure your article entitled, "Temperance," which appears in your issue of January 25th; and while I recognize my inability to add thereto anything forcible, yet it is a subject of so much importance until I cannot refrain from at least giving my views in the matter. The advice contained therein is good, and, if accepted by those for whom it is given, would be of priceless value; but, knowing human nature so well, one must be pained by the knowledge that even inestimable counsel, from the most worthy source, is only ignored by almost everyone who has formed a selfish opinion to the contrary.

This being so, what can be my purpose in writing? Inasmuch as it has just been acknowledged that advice of this class is seldom accepted, is it to be understood that this production is only for pastime? No; we are duty-bound to live in efforts for right, and in matters of this kind hope lies in the possibility of the exceptional cases being reached.

Whiskey, like everything else on earth, has its merits and its place; but, excepting when used for medicinal purposes (and in these cases the prescriptions to be by a conscientious and reputable physician, and not by the patient himself), almost any other place is more appropriate for it than in the human body. If we could but see ourselves as others see us, there would be less of the detestable practice and more refinement and happiness. A large per cent. of the boys who form the habit of drinking find the beginning prompted by ambition for prominence; and if they would then only realize what class of prominence this is considered by people of intelligence and integrity, their ambition would forever afterward repudiate the folly of its infancy.

But whatever may be the cause of drunkenness, or of drinking to any extent as the result of habit, it must be attributed to a lack of wisdom; and the effect, in concord therewith, is disaster. It is not the intention here to convey the idea that everyone who drinks is necessarily mean, but it is the purpose to say that everyone who drinks through habit is on an almost certain road to ruin. Drunkenness and degradation are usually treated as being synonymous; and in nearly every case they mean the same.

"O, happy is he whose riper years Retain
The hopes of youth, unsullied by a Stain."

These two lines are given in the absence of the name of the authors, but readers whose recollection is better than that of this writer, will remember whose composition they are. While few men can say that their "riper years retain the hopes of youth, unsullied by a stain," yet it is the privilege of all to at least strive for that honor; and surely all will agree that such attainment is utterly impossible with him who is addicted to drink.

ROBERT LEE JONES.
Baltimore, January 28, 1905.

To Cure a Cough.

The coughs so prevalent these days usually develop before you realize what has happened. Now the best thing to do is to take the most reliable cough cure you can get. None better than Murray's Horehound Mullen and Tar. It is made of the purest ingredients and can be given to infants as well as grown people. Above all else IT CURES. You will find it at all druggists. 25c a bottle—extra large bottle.

A Famous Aqueduct.

One of the most imposing architectural relics of western Europe is the aqueduct of Nismes, in southern France. After the lapse of sixteen centuries this colossal monument still spans the valley, joining hill to hill in nearly perfect state. The highest range of arches carries a small canal just wide enough for a man to creep through and still retaining a thick lining of Roman cement. The height of the structure is 188 feet and the length of the highest arcade 872 feet. Its use was to convey to the city of Nismes the water of two springs twenty-five miles distant.

Is it Right?

Is it right that a property-owner should lose \$4.25 to let a dealer make 50 cents more on fourteen gallons of ready-for-use paint, at \$1.50 per gallon, than our agent does on eight gallons of L. & M. paint and six gallons of linseed oil, which make fourteen gallons of the best paint in the world at \$1.20 per gallon; the property-owner loses just \$4.25. Is it right?

It only requires 4 gallons of L. & M. and 3 gallons linseed oil to paint a moderate sized house.
Ten Thousand Churches painted with Longman & Martinez L. & M. Paint.
Liberal quantity given to churches when bought from The R. B. Loryea Drug Store.

Surely a Bad Pen.

An Alabama statesman was writing with a noisy, spluttering pen. Laying the pen down, he smiled and said:
"Once I was spending the evening with a friend of mine in Selma. We sat in the dining room, and from the kitchen came a painful scratching sound."

"Martha," said my friend to the maid, "what is that scratching in the kitchen? It must be the dog trying to get in."
"Hubb," said Martha, "dat's no dawg scratchin' de do'. Dat's de cook a-writin' a love letter to her honey-suckle."

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Mother's Favorite.

The soothing and healing properties of this remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures have made it a favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of small children, for colds, croup and whooping cough, as it always affords quick relief, and as it contains no opium or other harmful drug, it may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by The R. B. Loryea Drug Store, Isaac M. Loryea, Prop.

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

Conducted by Paxville W. C. T. U.

National Motto—"For God, Home and Native Land."
State Motto—"Be Strong and of Good Courage."
Our Watchword—Agiolate, Educate, Organize, Prohibit.

"God helping me, I promise not to buy, drink, sell or give
Intoxicating liquors while I live;
From bad companions I'll refrain
And never take God's name in vain."

Not long ago there happened in Lee county a most fearful incident, an incident that ought to disgust any sound minded person, or rather, any person with a heart and conscience, who hears of it, with whiskey drinking. The public road which leads from Bishopville to the Spring Hill neighborhood was the scene of a drunken riot.

One Saturday morning a young man, whose home is in the country near Spring Hill, went with a friend of his to Bishopville. The young man, a Mr. J—, has been known to get drunk, fuss and fight several times, but never before had such a terrible conflict been knowing of as happened that night.

The young man and his friend stayed to Bishopville all day and, as was expected of them, got drunk. When they started home two negroes came along with them, and for about seven miles they came along peacefully together. The negroes were in a wagon and the white men were in a buggy, and they were so friendly that they changed places and one of the negroes was riding with Mr. J—and his friend was riding in the wagon with the other negro until they reached the negro's home; then they began disputing, then quarreling and at last fighting, Mr. J—and the negro who rode with him were the ones who began the fight. The white men were not, so the two negroes took the Mr. J—and cut him—Oh! how awfully they did cut him! They gashed him and stabbed him and split and sliced him until it seemed impossible for him to live, and all the while his friend was standing by, looking on, without raising his hand to help him. He must have been made insensible to any human feeling, by whiskey.

The negroes continued cutting the white man and would have finally killed him, it's said, but for some negroes who came along and separated them. By this time Mr. J's—friend had left him, and there he was cut nearly to death and bleeding fearfully, alone in the road, five miles from home. It is said that he walked about two miles in this condition begging people whom he chanced to meet to help him home. He first asked some negroes who lived on the road, and they seeing his condition, refused him. He went on to a white man's house and begged for some water, and they gave it to him, he then asked to be allowed to go in and warm, but they refused, on seeing he was drunk. He must have been very cold indeed, for he had to cross a large swamp and it is said that he waded part of it. However it is I know that his blood is still on the foot logs, for I saw with my own eyes the print of his finger in blood where he clasped the log in getting on it, and all along the print of his shoes besides, great spots of blood that dropped from his face.

The people who lived where he got the water didn't take him home, but there was a young man who was calling there, he went home and got his horse and buggy and carried the poor, drunk, half-dead man to his home. Imagine the feelings of the poor mother, who is really a good woman, at seeing her son in such a plight, when already she had her little children in bed and was sitting up keeping her drunken husband out of the fire.

Oh! Such suffering and anguish must have been hers! From the bottom of my heart I pity her; and I pity her son and husband too, for think of their wrecked, miserable lives, and think of their eternal punishment and the sorrow and shame they are causing others.

Why can't the cursed whiskey be done away with? It seems to me there's enough trouble and wretchedness in this world with out it. Come white ribboners, let's have courage and bravely do our best, for the right shall yet have the way.

B. C.

That Tickling in the Throat.

One minute after taking One Minute Cough Cure that tickling in the throat is gone. It acts in the throat—not the stomach. Harmless, and good for children. A. L. Spofford, postmaster at Chester, Mich., says: "Our little girl was unconscious from strangulation during a sudden and terrible attack of croup. Three doses of One Minute Cough Cure half an hour apart completely cured her. I cannot praise One Minute Cough Cure too much for what it has done in our family." It always gives relief. Sold by the R. B. Loryea Drug Store.

How Carlyle Talked.

I have heard Carlyle pour forth a continuous stream of impassioned denunciation for more than an hour at a time, and so keen were his characterizations, so felicitous his arrows of criticism, so rich his satire, so intense his patriotic sympathy with all that belonged to national life and character, that no listener could wish the wonderful utterance to cease—"Retrospects."

Peculiar Disappearance.

J. D. Runyan, of Butlerville, O., laid the peculiar disappearance of his painful symptoms of indigestion and biliousness, to Dr. King's New Life Pills. He says: "They are a perfect remedy for dizziness, sour stomach, headache, constipation, etc." Guaranteed by The R. B. Loryea Drug Store, price 25c.

To "Make No Bones."

The phrase to "make no bones," which is in such common use, may be generally explained as implying that something is done readily and with no such impediment as a bone might be to one who was eating food. It has been explained to be a modification of an older phrase to "find no bones," which seems to have had reference to bones found in soup and hindrances to the consumer. Some folk not only find but make difficulties and hindrances, at which they are content to stick. In Skelton's "Elynour Rymyng," 1529, the lady so readily believed the story that she—
Supped it up at ones (once).
She found therein no bones.

Afraid of Strong Medicines.

Many people suffer for years from rheumatic pains, and prefer to do so rather than take the strong medicines usually given for rheumatism, not knowing that quick relief from pain may be had simply by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm and without taking any medicine internally. For sale by The R. B. Loryea Drug Store, Isaac M. Loryea, Prop.

A Right of the British Navy.

The British navy since the time of Alfred the Great has claimed the position of being "first among equals" and has maintained this position to the present day. It is acknowledged by the navies of the world in the fact that on meeting a British man-of-war they first salute the courtesy being returned by the British ship. The Dutch resisted this demand until 1675 and the French until 1704, since which date it has been an item of international law.

Straight Facis.

A whole lot of fancy phrases can be written about remedies, but it takes facts to prove anything—good straight facts. And the strongest fact you ever heard of is that Tanopline is the best cure for piles on the market. It cures absolutely. Has a healing, soothing effect from the start.

All druggists have it for \$1.00 a jar. Ask for Tanopline and don't dare take a substitute.

For Sale.

One 30 Horse Boiler; one 12 Horse Engine and one Carver 60 Saw. All in good order; also 20,000 pounds of baled peavine and crabgrass Hay. Apply to
J. L. ELLIOTT,
R. F. D. No. 1, Silver, S. C.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

County of Clarendon.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Abbie Wilder in her own right and as Guardian ad litem for James Taylor, an infant twelve years of age, Plaintiffs,
against
Flander Taylor, Louise Kingwood, and Henry Taylor, Defendants.

COPY SUMMONS. FOR RELIEF.

(COMPLAINT SERVED.)
To the Defendants Above Named:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of Court of Common Pleas for the said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber at his office at Manning, in said County, within twenty days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

You are further notified that the Complaint in this action was, on the 11th day of January, 1905, filed in the office of the Clerk of Court of Common Pleas for said county, at Manning, in said county.
Dated January 24, A. D. 1905.
W. C. DAVIS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

WALL PAPER.

All Kinds of Paperhanging and Decorating Work Done

I make a specialty of Hotel and Whole House Work.

Lowest Estimates for High Grade Work.

Will guarantee my work to stay on the wall.
Can save you 25 per cent.

J. H. ORVIN,
MANNING, S. C.

Fire Insurance

I represent some of the oldest and strongest fire insurance companies doing business in the United States, and respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

C. R. SPROTT.

THE

R. B. LORYEA DRUG STORE,

ISAAC M. LORYEA, Prop.,

Sign of the . . . Golden Mortar,

Best to inform their many friends and customers that they are prepared to supply their wants with their accustomed care and in every department of the

DRUG BUSINESS

and every attention is shown to the wants of their customers.

For Many Years

We have endeavored to give the very best attention to our customers' wants, and feel that we have succeeded.

Our stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES

and CHEMICALS

is complete in every particular and every article is guaranteed to be of PURE DRUGS and MEDICINES call on us and we can give you general satisfaction.

MAIL ORDERS receive our careful and immediate attention on day of receipt.

We hope for your kind patronage which for years we have earnestly striven to merit.

THE R. B. LORYEA DRUG STORE,

ISAAC M. LORYEA, Proprietor,

Sign of the

Golden Mortar

MANNING, S. C.

PHONE NO. 2.

tfj

The Clarendon.

Now Open.



We invite the community to call in and inspect our new enterprise, and would especially ask the housekeepers to call.

It is our purpose to cater to the delight of the family table.

Very respectfully,

GERALD & THAMES

Proprietors.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.

THE INDEPENDENT COTTON OIL CO.

C. R. SPROTT, Resident Manager.

Notice to Farmers.

Until further notice our ginning days will be Friday and Saturday of each week.